

A masked actor performs during the inaugural parade of the 15th Ibero-American Theater Festival in Bogota. The biennial festival's first edition took place in 1988 and is considered the largest theatre festival in the world. — AFP

Away from tourist crowds, an older section of Tokyo beckons

xplore Tokyo beyond the crowded tourist highlights and you'll find many older parts of the city with a different look and slower pace. One of these, the area around the Metro station Kiyosumi-Shirakawa, is a convenient side trip if you're visiting the Tokyo Skytree, which is four stops away. There's a charming local history museum, public garden, coffee shops and a contemporary art museum. The neighborhood may not be picturesque in the conventional sense but there's a lot to see if you have an eye for detail and an appreciation for the charm of urban and slightly shabby locales.

ations of historic buildings from the Edo era, which began in the 1600s. The Fukagawa museum, which predates the Edo Tokyo museum, is much smaller and more charming, with a life-size Edo-period take your shoes off to go inside the little shops and English will show you how the old-fashioned locks work and how ropes pull a skylight open over a

You can even try a rice-pounding device. The guide will also explain how to tell the difference between a nice but tiny house for someone well-

town re-created on its lower level. Be prepared to homes, and a guide with adequate or better



Photo shows Kiyosumi Gardens in Tokyo, one of a number of things to see and do in the neighborhood around the Kiyosumi-Shirakawa metro station. — AP photos

Fukagawa Edo Museum

From the Metro station, head south and turn right onto an old shopping street marked by two small decorative towers. On your right you'll see an old-fashioned candy shop where the proprietor dresses in garb from the Edo period (including an entirely unconvincing wig of a topknot hairstyle). Farther along on the left is the Fukagawa Edo

Most tourists with any interest in history end up at the Edo Tokyo Museum with its indoor re-creoff (note the tatami-covered floor) versus a poor person's home with a mostly bare wood floor and just a couple of rice straw mats. Lighting sets the mood through 15-minute day-and-night cycles with recordings of birds, merchants calling and the cry of the animatronic cat on a rooftop.

Coffee, the universal language

Walk the small streets and alleys around the museum and you'll find a mix of residences, shops, small businesses and light industrial spaces. You'll find much that is rather old-time Japanese, like

clams. But the neighborhood is also something of a hot spot for coffee shops. Don't think in terms of grabbing a morning cup of joe. Some of these don't even open till later in

restaurants selling the local specialty of rice with

the day, and they're more about relaxing and making a ritual of it. Some are quite small and the menus may be limited. The one I visited, aside from coffee and tea, had just had two cakes and two flavors of small cookies, chocolate and sesame, but the cookies were exquisite.

There also an outpost of a US chain, Blue Bottle, that caused something of a stir when it opened, with lines reported to be two hours long. Its conspicuous modern building with an industrial vibe and huge coffee-roasting machinery was far calmer on a recent weekday, but it's still not a place to camp out with your laptop, though people did seem to stay to chat.

Museum of contemporary art Tokyo

If you're willing to walk a bit farther you can also have a completely modern experience in this old neighborhood at the Museum of Contemporary Art Tokyo. Two exhibits that just opened are running through May 29: "Loose Lips Save Ships," exploring freedom of expression, and "Pixar: 30 Years of Animation."

Kiyosumi Gardens

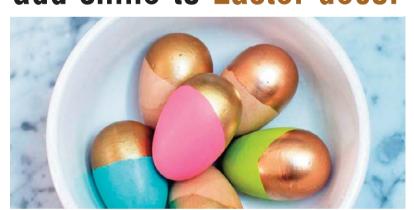
Kiyosumi Gardens is easy to find on your way to from the Metro, visible across the main street opposite the entrance to the shopping street near the Fukagawa Edo Museum. It's a beautiful typical Japanese garden laid out around a large pond, first opened for company use by the founder of Mitsubishi in 1880 (Mitsubishi was a shipping firm at the time), then donated to the city and opened as a public park in 1932. The garden is nice to stroll around or find a bench to gaze at the pond. — AP



Re-creations of Japanese homes and businesses from the Edo period, which Re-creations of Japanese homes and businesses from the Edo period. began in the 1600s at the Fukagawa Edo museum.



Crafts: Gold-dipped eggs add shine to Easter decor



Wooden eggs that combine two fashion and decorating trends - color blocking and gold dipping - are arranged in a bowl for an easy Easter display. — AP photos

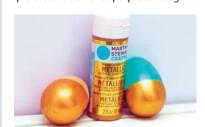
By Holly Ramer

espite their rounded shape, Easter eggs can be edgy. Give them a modern boost by combining two fashion and decorating trends: colorblocking and gold-dipping. I found several different methods online for producing decorative eggs with bold or pastel blocks of color and just enough gold to provide a bit of flair. Piled in a bowl or displayed in a row on a mantle, they're an easy option for spring decorating.

I tested three approaches for cost, ease of execution and overall results. started with wooden eggs purchased from a craft store, and for each technique I made two versions: For one, I layered the gold over a coat of colored paint, and for the second, I applied the gold directly to the bare wood. These techniques would work just as well, however, on papiermache eggs or even real eggshells with the insides blown out.

Acrylic paint

This method is the least expensive and most straight-forward, and probably the easiest of the three to attempt with kids. I used instructions found at a blog called Oleander + Palm. Simply paint the eggs in your desired color, allow them to dry, and then paint one end of each egg with gold paint. Acrylic craft paint is cheap and easy to clean up with soap and water. The downside? The resulting gold color was not quite as vibrant or shiny compared to the other methods, and it did take multiple coats to achieve opaque coverage.



Two wooden Easter eggs decorated using acrylic pain.

Spray paint

This technique, found at Ashley Phipps' website Simply Designing, would be the way to go if you're looking to make a large batch of eggs at one time. It involves using painters' tape to mask off part of the eggs and then spraying them with gold spray paint. That can get a bit messy and should be done outdoors or in a well-ventilated room, but the result is a crisp line and even coverage with mini-



Two wooden eggs decorated for Easter using a product called liquid gilding.

It was a little tricky to apply the tape in a way that resulted in a clean line all the way around the egg, and even a small can of spray paint costs about \$5, considerably more than a small bottle of acrylic craft paint.

Liquid gilding

Liquid gilding is a paint-like product that is supposed to produce an effect similar to gold leaf. A small bottle costs about \$7, making this the most expensive technique. And because the gilding is solventbased, it must be handled outdoors or in a well-ventilated space. Brushes used to apply it must be cleaned with nail polish remover or enamel paint thinners, which makes it both more expensive and less convenient, and probably not a good option for kids. That said, it was easy to apply and produced a more authentic gold lustre and sheen than the other methods. I found this idea at a Canadian parenting blog, Frugal Mom Eh! —AP